Num. 4030

The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Monday, Auguſt 11, 1746.

Since our laſt arrived a Holland Mail.

From the London Gazette, Aug. 5.

Munich, Aug. 2.

WE hear that the Day of Election to the Biſhoprick of Wurtzburg is ſettled for the 29th of this Month, and that of Bamberg for the 3d of October. Yeſterday it was reported in Town, that the Abbot Prince of Fulde was dead.

Liege, Aug. 5. We have Advices here from the Armies in Brabant, that upon the 2d inſt. there happened a ſmall Skirmiſh near Gemblours, to the Diſadvantage of the French; that the Prince of Conti's Head Quarters were at Sombref, and Marſhal Saxe's at Wallin near Gemblours; and that the two Armies were in Sight of each other upon the Orneau.

Hague, Aug. 9. By our Advices of the 4th inſt. from the Allied Army, it was encamped along the Eaſtern Side of the Orneau, with its Right near Oſtein, and its Left at Maſy, with a Corps behind it at Suarle, near Namur, whilſt the French under Marſhal Saxe, and the Prince de Conti's Corps, lay extended on the other Side of that little River with their Head Quarters at Sombref. The laſt Letters from Lombardy bring Advice, that General Brown, with a Detachment of 25000 Men, had paſt the Po on the 24th of laſt Month without Oppoſition at Parpaneſo, above Placentia; and add, that whilſt the reſt of the Combined Army was paſſing the Po, he was making Diſpoſitions for forcing the Paſſage of the Lambro, which the Enemy appeared reſolved to diſpute.

From Wye's Letter, London, Aug. 5.

'Tis adviſed from Holland, that his preſent Catholick Majeſty King Ferdinand has written with his own Hand to the King of Sardinia, aſſuring him of his Eſteem and Affection, and his earneſt Deſire of leaving all his Affairs in Italy to the Diſpoſal of that Monarch.

'Tis reported that the Rebel Lords now under Sentence of Death will be beheaded the 13th or 15th inſtant.

The Subject of Diſcourſe in all Converſations turns on the Diſcoveries made by Mr. Murray, and of further Informations which are ſaid to be daily coming in.——'Tis given out, that two conſiderable Citizens have abſconded, and Meſſengers in Purſuit of them, and that ſeveral French Merchants have been ſecured for Examination.

On Saturday laſt two Officers arrived Expreſs from the North to the Duke of Newcaſtle.

Yeſterday the Lords in a Committee went through the Bill, with Amendments, for more effectually diſarming the Highlands of Scotland.—Paſt the Sinking Fund Bill

To-day the Commons ordered an Addreſs, That his Majeſty would be pleaſed to detain and ſecure Sir John Douglas of Kilhead, Bart. Knight of the Shire for Dumfries; and ordered it to be preſented to his Majeſty by ſuch Members as are of the Privy Council.

From the General Evening Poſt, Aug. 5.

LONDON, *Aug.* 5.

We hear the Duke of Kingſton's Light Horſe will be brought on the Eſtabliſhment of Dragoons, and the Command given to the Marquis of Granby.

Several Meſſengers are ſent down to Wales to bring up ſome ſuſpected Perſons from that Principality.

Notwithſtanding the great Intereſt made for the Lords under Sentence, it is the general Opinion they will all ſuffer, and that they will be executed on Wedneſday the 13th inſtant.

On Wedneſday Evening Thomas Page, Eſq; High Sheriff of Surry, and John Chatfield, Eſq; his Deputy, waited on the Duke of Newcaſtle, and delivered to him the treaſonable Papers which the Rebels (executed that Day) diſperſed at the Gallows at Kennington.

On Sunday Mr. Maddox and ſeveral of the Witneſſes againſt the Rebels, ſet out with Mr. Carrington the Meſſenger for Carliſle, to give Evidence againſt the Rebels to be tried there.

From the St. James's Evening Poſt, Aug. 5.

Madrid, July 8. *O.S.* Their Majeſties, with the Dowager Queen and the Infants and Infantas, continue at the Palace of Buen-Retiro. The late King by his Will has left the Queen his Conſort the Palace of St. Ildefonſo, with all the Furniture thereof, for her Life. He aſſigns a Dowry to that Princeſs of 600,000 Crowns per annum, beſides 200,000 Ducats which 'tis uſual to give to the Queens Dowager of Spain. She is permitted to chuſe for her Reſidence what City in the Kingdom ſhe likes beſt, provided it be not a Frontier City, or to retire into any foreign Country.

LONDON, *Aug.* 5.

They write from Amſterdam, that according to the laſt Advices from the French Army, the Diſputes between the General Officers, and Marſhal Count de Saxe, had riſen ſo high, that he had written to the King, either to return into Flanders, or to give him Leave to reſign the Command of the Army; but that his Majeſty had delayed the former, and the latter was flatly refuſed.

On Saturday laſt, at ten in the Afternoon, the Court met at St. Margaret's Hill for the Trial of the Rebels, and then the Lord Chief Juſtice Willes, Mr. Juſtice Foſter, and Mr. Baron Reynolds, being ſeated, James Stratton, late a Surgeon in the Rebel Army at Carliſle,

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was brought to his Trial, which was ſoon over, becauſe none of the Witneſſes could prove he was in Arms, and it appearing he was forced into the Service, he was acquitted, and immediately diſcharged.

Walter Ogilvie, called a Lieutenant in the Duke of Perth's Regiment, pleaded guilty, and then the Court paſſed Sentence on James Nicholſon, Alexander Macgruther ſen. Walter Ogilvie, and Donald Macdonald, and the Lord Chief Juſtice Willes made a very moving Speech, which drew Tears from many Perſons preſent; and the Priſoners all ſeemed greatly ſhocked, and declared themſelves Proteſtants.

They are to be executed the 22d Inſtant; when it is thought, ſome of the Manchester Regiment, who were reprieved, will ſuffer at the ſame time.

We hear in the Liſt of 1500 Perſons, diſcovered to have ſubſcribed to the carrying on the Rebellion, there are ſeveral Tradeſmen, who have contributed their Mite.

We hear that in a ſhort time a Court Martial will be held for the trying of four General Officers.

The Heads of the others, with their Bodies (except Townly's) were buried altogether laſt Sunday Night in the Burial-Ground in Red-lion Fields, near the Foundling Hoſpital.

Townly's Body was buried laſt Friday Night at Pancras.

Extract of a Letter from Cheſter, Auguſt 2.

On Wedneſday laſt was brought from Stafford Jail to our Caſtle 7 ſturdy Rebels in a Cart. guarded by 12 of Wade's Horſe. Their Behaviour has been ſo rude and undaunted, that it has been thought proper to double Iron them.—One of them named Hamilton, a Scots Horſe Pedlar, is well known in almoſt every great Town and Family in the Northern Counties of England. On Friday they, with between 50 and 60 other Rebel Priſoners, were carried from hence in Waggons, guarded by a ſtrong Party of Wade's Horſe, on their Way to York, there to take their Trials.

From the London Evening Poſt, Aug. 5.

Lodi, July 27. The Spaniards who are here are entrenching themſelves, and ſeem reſolved to maintain their Ground in this Country: They fortify themſelves alſo at St. Columbano, and in ſome other Poſts. The General Quarters are ſtill at Codogno. The French are drawing near the Lambro, in order to diſpute the Paſſage of that River with the Auſtrians and Piedmonteſe, ſo that we expect very ſoon to hear the News of a Battle.

Weſel, Aug. 3. We decamped Yeſterday from Longchamp, the better to make head againſt the Enemy. Our advanced Troops, particularly the free Companies, came to Blows on that Occaſion with the French, and had five Officers and fourty Soldiers kill'd and wounded. In Revenge they killed 200 of the Enemy, wounded a great Number and took ſeveral Priſoners, among whom is a Colonel of the Gendarmerie. A Party of 100 of the Enemy had Yeſterday the Boldneſs to come to a Village not far from our Head Quarters; but were ſurrounded by a Party of Huſſars and a Detachment of Hungarian Foot, who left 60 of them dead on the Ground, and brought off the other 40, who were all wounded except three. The French had retired into the Church; but being forced there no Favour was ſhewn, even to thoſe who took Refuge at the Altar. The Prince of Waldeck who was drawn thither by the Noiſe, ſaved the Life of a French Officer who was got into the Pulpit, and was juſt going to be ſacrificed by a Huſſar. Quarter was at firſt offered, which the French refuſed; ſo that they were themſelves the Cauſe of the Slaughter.

Paris, Aug. 1. On the 27th of laſt Month the Count de Noailles, lately arrived from Spain, took his Leave of the King, and ſet out the next Day for the Army in Flanders; which contradicts the Report of that Nobleman's going to Turin.

Hague, Aug. 9. Our laſt Letters from the Army bear Date the 4th inſtant at Mazy, and inform us, that the light Troops have frequent Rencounters with the French advanced Guards, who, according to our Advices from Bruſſels, have ſent 150 Waggons Load of wounded Men into that City at a Time. The King of France is expected there every Moment, to take upon him the Command of the Army, his Preſence being the more neceſſary, as it is aſſured there is a great Miſunderſtanding between Marſhal Saxe and the other Generals in the Army under his Command, ſeveral of them having openly declared, that they were not diſpoſed to obey a Foreign General.

LONDON, *Aug.* 5.

In order to *repair the Loſs of Mankind*, occaſioned by the Wars of the laſt four or five Years, the King of *Pruſſia* has ordered all his Generals and Colonels to ſuffer thoſe Soldiers who deſired it to *marry*, unleſs any legal Impediment appears to the contrary. There was once a Law made at *Athens*, by a like *Scarcity of Men*, that every Citizen ſhould *marry two Wives:* One of the Conſequences of which was, that the grave *Socrates* had afterwards *two Scolds*, inſtead of *one*, that he had before.

We hear that in the *Common Prayer Book* made uſe of by the Rebels who were executed on Wedneſday laſt, which they threw among the People, the latter Part of the 89th *Pſalm* was folded down, beginning at the 29th Verſe.

We are informed that the Marqueſs of *Tullibardine*, in his laſt Moments, declared to thoſe about him, that tho' he had always been *as much as any Man* attach'd to the Pretender's Party, if he might now adviſe his Countrymen, it ſhould be *never more* to enter into *rebellious Meaſures*; for after having fail'd in their *late Attempt*, they might be ſure never to ſucceed in *any other*.

On Friday his Royal Highneſs the Duke ſtepping haſtily into a Boat at Ranelagh, ſlipped into the Water, and was very near being drowned.

A Yatcht is ordered to be ready to carry over his Excellency the Earl of Sandwich to Holland this Week.

This Day Admiral Anſon ſet out for Portſmouth, in order to hoiſt his Flag at that Place. and to have the Command of the Squadron intended for Channel Service.

On Saturday laſt the Daughter of the Earl of Cromarty waited on ſeveral Noblemen at Whitehall and other Places with Petitions, praying their Lor ſhips Interceſſion with his Majeſty in behalf of her Father.

And on Sunday the Ladies Kilmarnock and Cromar-

ty were both at Kenſington, and delivered Petitions to his Majeſty.

The Court at St. Margaret's Hill is adjourned till the 23d inſtant.

On Saturday the Heads of Francis Townly and George Fletcher, the former Colonel, (as he was called) of the Mancheſter Regiment, and the latter a Captain in the ſame, were affixed on two Poles on Temple-Bar, by the common Hangman, purſuant to an Order from his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle.

The Heads of Chadwick, Barwick, Deacon and Syddall are preſerved in Spirits, and were yeſterday carried down for Mancheſter and Carliſle, to be affixed on Places moſt proper for the Purpoſe.

The Charming Molly, Cladman, from London to Montſerrat, is alſo taken and carried into Martinico.

The Nancy, Street, bound for Antigua to London, is taken in the Weſt-Indies.

A Snip from Madeira, belonging to Appledore, is taken by the French and carried into St. Malo's.

The Jane, Moſs, and the Induſtry, Millerſon, both from Lancaſter, for Antigua, are taken by the French and carried into Martinico.

The Jenny, Bogle, from Glaſgow to Virginia, is taken by the French, and carried into Nants.

The Prince Charles, Taylor, from Boſton to Antigua, is taken and carried into Martinico.

The Bennin, Kapper, from Liverpool to Barbados, was drove aſhore on the 5th of May, near that Iſland, and ſtove to pieces.

Bank Stock 135 to 136 to 135 1 qr. India Stock 179 1 half to 180 to 179 1 half. South Sea Stock 107 1 qr.

EDINBURGH, *Auguſt* 11.

On Friday laſt were carried from this Place for Carliſle about 127 Priſoners, 84 of whom had been confined in the Canongate Jail, 29 in the Caſtle, and 14 in the City Jail, eſcorted by a Detachment of Lee's Regiment. Among them were Kenloch Moidart, Mr. Macdonald ſtiled a Major, Sir Archibald Primroſe of Dunipace, —— Gordon of Dalperſy, and Robert Taylor ſtiled a Captain.—After Examination, ſeveral Priſoners have been liberate, and others admitted to Bail, who had been taken up only on Suſpicion.

On Saturday the Perſons to be adduced as Evidences againſt the Priſoners ſet out for that Place.

Yeſternight were brought over 45 Priſoners, confined for ſome Time paſt at Perth, guarded by a Party of Skelton's Foot and the Royal Scots, and are ſecured in the Canongate Jail. We hear they move again To-morrow for Carliſle. The Witneſſes againſt them from Perth, Dunkeld, &c. are likewiſe on the Road.

From Inverneſs, that on the 3d inſt. were brought in Priſoners to that Place two French Officers, who had concealed themſelves in the Highlands ever ſince the Battle of Culloden, and that after Examination by General Blakeney, they were ſet at Liberty, upon their Parole; and that a French Cutter which appeared lately on the North-weſt Coaſt, has been taken by Commodore Smith.

Extract of a Letter from Capt. David Littlejohn, Maſter of the Robin Hood, dated at Gibraltar, 25th June 1746.

A good deal of my Men were preſſed or deſerted at Barbados, and getting none to ſupply their Place I was obliged to ſail with 45 in all, Boys included, and my being ſo weakly manned being too well known in Carliſle Bay, occaſioned what follows.

There was a Sloop, that ſailed three Weeks before me from that Place for Gibraltar, who had the Misfortune to be taken by the Row Gallies from Algeziers, on board of which there happened to be ſome d-mn--d falſe hearted Iriſh Men, who wanted to make up their Misfortunes on the Ruin of his Majeſty's Subjects; for which End they entred into their Service, and informed them, that I was daily expected, badly mann'd and richly laden, which encouraged them to equip their two Gallies and Barcolongo in the beſt manner they could, with the braveſt Fellows they could pick out. Theſe are all the Privateers they have at Algeziers, and have done all the Damage in the Gut this War.

After they had long lookt out for me, I came at laſt to their Coſt. About five Hours after I had parted with a Man of War (whom I met off Cape Spartiel) he ſtanding to the Eaſtward and I to the Weſtward, I got up abreaſt of Tarriff the Place of their Abode, when getting Sight of me they made all the Way they could with their Oars, and half an Hour after 3 they were within Gun ſhot of me, and though they got ſome Damage from thoſe in the Cabbin, they did not mind it, but rowed up reſolute either to conquer or die.

The Form of their Attack was thus: The Barcolongo lay right a-ſtern of me, plying me hot with her Cuſhew Pieces, and 30 Men be-aft with ſmall Arms; the two Gallies, one on each Quarter, with all Hands at ſmall Arms, at the ſame time plying us cloſe with what Cannon they had. We returned their Fire with the ſmall Number we had, our great Guns being of no Uſe, as the Barcolongo had ſilenced our Stern Guns for a little Time, by cutting our Bretchens and Tackles with their Shot, which being warm, run into the Steerage. This Opportunity they intended to embrace, in order to board us; but luckily I rallied half a Dozen of my Men that had been beat from that Quarter, run a Gun out without Tackles or Bretchin, load with double Round and Partridge, and diſcharging her, ſtruck the Barcolongo a little be-aft the Mainmaſt, and carried away her whole Quater and Poup; getting alſo another Gun to bear upon them in the Steerage, I did them a conſiderable deal of Damage. The few that were left got out Oars and rowed her away from the reach of my Guns. After demoliſhing the Barcolongo we kept a continual Fire on the two Gallies, who engaged us cloſe under each Quarter. They attempted three times to board us, but were always repulſed, and twice ſet the Ship on Fire which we got extinguiſhed. After a Diſpute of two Hours, few of them being left alive, thoſe that remained had Recourſe to their Oars, and made the beſt of their Way.—— None of us are killed, few but have received ſome Wounds or other.—— We hear ſince by a Market-boat from Algeziers, that one of the Gallies had but 5 Men alive when ſhe came in there, that thirty ſix were killed in the Barcolongo, and twenty two had received extreme Unction, not being expected to live. We have heard nothing of the third, which makes us conclude ſhe is ſunk. If ſo, their Loſs muſt be very great, as in the other two there

were above 120 Men killed outright—— They have not done me great Damage, only ſhot away my Rigging drove in my Stern, and ſpoiled my Cabbin. In the Engagement Mr. Trail's Leg was broke with a Bullet, who is now aſhore in a fair Way of Recovery. The Courage of all on board was wonderful, I cannot ſay too much in their Praiſe. I ſail from this for Leghorn with the firſt fair Wind, where I deſign to refit.

☽ This Day, the 6th Day of the Moon, it is high Water at Leith, Forenoon, at 3 o'clock, 54 M. Afternoon, at 6, 18 M. Tueſday, Forenoon, at 6, 42 M. Afternoon, at 17, 6 M. Wedneſday, Forenoon, at 7, 30 M. Afternoon, at 7, 54 M.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Juſt publiſhed, and ſold by the Bookſellers in Town, Price 6 d

A genuine ACCOUNT of the Behaviour, Confeſſion and Dying Words of Francis Townly, (Nominal) Colonel of the Mancheſter Regiment, Thomas Deacon, James Dawſon, John Barwick, George Fletcher, and Andrew Blood, Captains in the Mancheſter Regiment; Thomas Chadwick, Lieutenant; Thomas Sydall, Adjutant in the ſame; and Counſellor David Morgan, a Voluntier in the Pretender's Army: Who were Executed the 30th Day of July 1746, at Kennington Common, for HIGH TREASON, in levying War againſt his moſt Sacred Majeſty King *GEORGE* the Second.

¶ Theſe are to give Notice to all Maſters of Veſſels who intend to ſail from the Frith of Forth to London, That the Right Hon. the LORDS of the ADMIRALTY have appointed a Man of War to convoy the Trade from London to Leith, and to return with what Ships ſhall be ready to ſail from Leith to London: And therefore ſuch as intend to take the Benefit of that Convoy, are to be ready to ſail how ſoon the Man of War comes to Leith-Road.

‖†‖ The Truſtees for *MICHAEL ANDERSON* of *TUSHILAW* and *PATRICK ANDERSON* of *HEISLOP*, and their Creditors, having appointed a Dividend to be made, the Creditors will pleaſe call for Samuel Mitchelſon Writer to the Signet, at his Houſe near the Meal-market, who will pay the ſame. But before receiving Payment, the Creditors are appointed to depone upon the Verity of their Debts, either before the Arbiter in the Submiſſion, or any Juſtice of Peace, or other Judge Ordinary, and to ſhow the Inſtructions of ſuch their Debts to Mr. Mitchelſon.

To be ſold by Roup or publick Sale, at THOMAS POLLOCK's in the Paunch-market in Leith, on Thurſday the 21ſt inſtant, betwixt 3 and 4 Afternoon,

A Parcel of large freſh ſweet ALMONDS in Bags, containing half an Engliſh Hundred Weight each. The Almonds to be ſeen at any Time before the Roup, from 11 o'Clock Forenoon to 6 Afternoon.

¶ The Ship *ANNE Galley of Glaſgow*, Burden about 200 Tons, now lying in Port-Glaſgow, will be ready to ſail by the firſt of September next for Cork, thence to Jamaica; ſuch Perſons as incline to ſhip any Goods on Freight to either of theſe Places, (Wine excepted) or who have a Mind to take their Paſſage to Jamaica, may apply to Richard and Alexander Oſwald Merchants in Glaſgow, or John Stevenſon Merchant in Port-Glaſgow, who will agree with them on reaſonable Terms; and will be alſo ready to give all due Encouragement to ſuch Servants, with or without Trades, as ſhall be willing to come under Indentures, to ſerve for four Years in the Iſland of Jamaica.

To be expoſed to Sale by way of voluntary Roup, either in Whole or Parcels as Purchaſers ſhall offer, upon the ſecond Tueſday of September next betwixt the Hours of 3 and 4 in the Afternoon, within the Laigh Coffee-houſe in Edinburgh,

The LANDS and BARONY of *SAUCHIE*, with the Lands of *Little Sauchie*, and Teinds thereof, lying within the Pariſh of St. Ninian's and Shire of Stirling, and within two Miles of the Town of Stirling, holding partly Feu and Blanch, and partly Taxtward of the Crown, paying of yearly free Rent 8 Bolls of Meal, 12 Bolls of Bear, 3 Bolls 2 Firlots of Oats, 8 Bolls 2 Firlots of Malt, 4039 l. 2 s. 9 d. Scots of Money, 7 Veals, 11 Wedders, 16 Stones of Butter, 129 Capons, 227 Hens, 6 Poultry, 199 Loads of Peats, 308 Loads of Coals, 36 long Carriages, 33 ſhort ones, and 162 Days Dargs; and this beſides the Parks, which have always been in the Heritor's own Poſſeſſion, conſiſting of about 160 Acres of Ground, valued at 2000 Merks yearly, all which are incloſed with a ſufficient Stone and Lime-dyke, and ſubdivided with Hedge-rows and Ditches. There is a double Pigeon houſe, with a very convenient lodgeable Houſe on the foreſaid Lands, and all Kinds of proper Office-houſes in good Repair, with a Garden of 4 Acres of Ground ſurrounded with a Stone and Lime-wall 12 Feet high, beſides a vaſt deal of old Planting about the Houſe and Parks; and the Lands are very improveable, having great Quantities of Moſs and Muir belonging thereto, with an inexhauſtible Lime Quarry, which is the only workable one in that Country, and might, with a very ſmall Expence, yield a conſiderable yearly Profit, the Tenants paying the Third, and the Feuars the Fourth of all Lime that they ſell to the Heritor, free of any Charges, which, *communibus annis*, amounts to 500 Merks yearly. The Progreſs of Writs, with the Rental of the Lands and Conditions of Roup, are to be ſeen in the Hands of Alexander Stevenſon of Montgreenan, Writer to the Signet, and George Nicolſon Writer in Edinburgh; and a Copy of the Rental and Conditions in the Hands of Robert Leckie Writer in Stirling.

N. B. There is a large Wood on the foreſaid Lands, conſiſting of Oak, Aſh, Elm, &c. and the Tenants pay the Ceſs and other publick Burdens, and, at the Expiry of each 19 Years, conſiderable Graſſums by way of Entry. If any Perſon inclines to make a Bargain before the Day of the Roup, they will be treated with by any of the above Perſons.

EDINBURGH: Printed for THOMAS RUDDIMAN and COMPANY, and ſold at the Printing-houſe in the Parliament-cloſe; where *Advertiſements* and *Subſcriptions* are taken in.